

GO BEYOND

**Lower School Spanish Curriculum** 

#### **Lower School Spanish Overview**

#### **Course Description**

Twenty first century lives are not lived in isolation. People live and work with others from diverse backgrounds who speak different languages. Advances in technology have made instantaneous global communication possible. In order to thrive in this global society, today's learners must be able to communicate in other languages at higher levels of proficiency and with greater cultural competence than ever before. Our focus is on conversational skills. A Valwood student will be prepared to be not only full participants in the global workforce, but also to become citizens of the world. This is the essence of college-, career-, and world-readiness.

#### **Assessments**

- Teacher Observation
- Written Work
- Conversational/Role Playing Activities

#### **Topics at a Glance**

Communication Emphasis

- Interpersonal
- Interpretive
- Presentational

#### Cultures

 Relating cultural practices to Perspectives

#### Connections

- Making connections
- Acquiring information and diverse perspectives

#### Comparisons

- Language comparisons
- Cultural comparisons

#### **Grade Level Expectations**

We believe that our students must be prepared to face the challenges of an increasingly pluralistic society. Acquiring a World Language will equip them to participate in our global community and empower them to meet the challenges of the 21<sup>st</sup> century:

- Lifelong Learning –The skills required to acquire a World Language are basic to the learning process.
- Higher Achievement A higher level of skill is demanded of all workers in a global community.
- **Economic Necessity** In order to ensure our own future, we must be able to communicate with the rest of the world.
- Multicultural Perspective World Languages open doors not only to other languages, but also to other cultures, people and lands.

#### **Effective Components**

- Assessments: formative & summative
- Cooperative learning groups
- Cues, questions & advance organizers
- Feedback: frequent & systematic
- Graphic organizers
- Homework & guided practice
- Hypotheses: generate & test
- Nonlinguistic representations
- Positive reinforcement & recognition of student effort
- Similarities & differences
- Summarizing & notetaking

**Goal Area 1: Communication:** Learners communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.

**Standard 1.1 Interpersonal Communication:** Learners interact and negotiate meaning in spoken, signed, or written conversations to share information, reactions, feelings, and opinions.

	Į			
Novice Range - Standard 1.1				
Novice Low Learners can communicate on some very familiar topics using single words and phrases.	Novice Low Learners can  • greet peers  • introduce self to someone  • answer a few simple questions			
Novice Mid Learners can communicate on very familiar topics using a variety of words and phrases that they have practiced and memorized.	Novice Mid Learners can			
Novice High Learners can communicate and exchange information about familiar topics using phrases and simple sentences sometimes supported by memorized language. They can usually handle short social interactions in everyday situations by asking and answering simple questions.	Novice High Learners can      exchange some personal information     exchange information using texts,     graphs, or pictures     ask for and give simple directions     make plans with others     interact with others in everyday     situations			

#### **Intermediate Range Standard 1.1**

**Intermediate Low Learners can** participate in conversations on a number of familiar topics using simple sentences. They can handle short social interactions in everyday situations by asking and answering simple questions.

#### **Intermediate Low Learners can**

- have a simple conversation on a number of everyday topics
- ask and answer questions on factual information that is familiar to them
- use the language to meet their basic needs in familiar situations

Intermediate Mid Learners can participate in conversations on familiar topics using sentences and series of sentences. They can handle short social interactions in everyday situations by asking and answering a variety of questions. They can usually say what they want to say about themselves and their everyday lives.

#### **Intermediate Mid Learners can**

- start, maintain, and end a conversation on a variety of familiar topics
- talk about their daily activities and personal preferences
- use their language to handle tasks related to their personal needs
- exchange information about subjects of special interest to them

Intermediate High Learners can participate with ease and confidence in conversations on familiar topics. They can usually talk about events and experiences in various time frames. They can usually describe people, places, and things. They can handle social interactions in everyday situations, sometimes even when there is an unexpected complication.

#### **Intermediate High Learners can**

- exchange information related to areas of mutual interest
- use their language to do a task that requires multiple steps
- use their language to handle a situation that may have a complication

# Advanced Range - Standard 1.1

Advanced Low Learners can participate in conversations about familiar topics that go beyond their everyday lives. They can talk in an organized way and with some detail about events and experiences in various time frames. They can describe people, places, and things in an organized way and with some detail. They can handle a familiar situation with an unexpected complication.

Advanced Mid Learners can express themselves fully not only on familiar topics but also on some concrete social, academic, and professional topics. They can talk in detail and in an organized way about events and experiences in various time frames. They can confidently handle routine situations with an unexpected complication. They can share their points of view in discussions on some complex issues.

# Advanced High Learners can express themselves

freely and spontaneously, and for the most part accurately, on concrete topics and on most complex issues. They can usually support their opinion and develop hypotheses on topics of particular interest or personal expertise.

#### **Advanced Low Learners can**

- participate in conversations on a wide variety of topics that go beyond their everyday lives
- compare and contrast life in different locations and in different times
- resolve an unexpected complication that arises in a familiar situation
- conduct or participate in interviews

#### Advanced Mid Learners can

- communicate effectively on a wide variety of present, past, and future events
- exchange general information on topics outside their fields of interest
- handle a complication or unexpected turn of events

#### **Advanced High Learners can**

- exchange complex information about academic and professional tasks
- exchange detailed information on topics within and beyond their fields of interest
- support their opinions and construct hypotheses

**Goal Area 1: Communication:** Learners communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.

**Standard 1.2 Interpretive Communication:** Learners understand, interpret, and analyze what is heard, read, or viewed on a variety of topics.

Novice Range - Standard 1.2 (Listening)			
Novice Low Learners can recognize a few memorized words and phrases when they hear them spoken.	Novice Low Learners can  occasionally identify the sound of a character or a word  occasionally understand isolated words that have been memorized, particularly when accompanied by gestures or pictures		
Novice Mid Learners can recognize some familian words and phrases when they hear them spoken.	Novice Mid Learners can  understand a few courtesy phrases. recognize and sometimes understand basic information in words and phrases that they have memorized recognize and sometimes understand words and phrases that they have learned for specific purposes		
Novice High Learners can often understand words, phrases, and simple sentences related to everyday life. They can recognize pieces of information and sometimes understand the main topic of what is being said.	<ul> <li>Novice High Learners can</li> <li>sometimes understand simple questions or statements on familiar topics.</li> <li>understand simple information when presented with pictures and graphs.</li> <li>sometimes understand the main topic of conversations that they overhear.</li> </ul>		

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 1.2 (Reading)**

**Intermediate Low Learners can** understand the main idea of short and simple texts when the topic is familiar.

#### **Intermediate Low Learners can**

- understand messages in which the writer tells or asks the learner about topics of personal interest
- identify some simple information needed on forms
- identify some information from news media

**Intermediate Mid Learners can** understand the main idea of texts related to everyday life and personal interests or studies.

#### Intermediate Mid Learners can

- understand simple personal questions
- understand basic information in ads, announcements, and other simple texts
- understand the main idea of what they read for personal enjoyment
- read simple written exchanges between other people

Intermediate High Learners can easily understand the main idea of texts related to everyday life, personal interests, and studies. They can sometimes follow stories and descriptions about events and experiences in various time frames.

#### **Intermediate High Learners can**

- understand accounts of personal events or experiences
- sometimes follow short, written instructions when supported by visuals
- understand the main idea of and a few supporting facts about famous people and historic events

# **Advanced Range - Standard 1.2 (Reading)**

Advanced Low Learners can understand the main Advanced Low Learners can idea and some supporting details on a variety of topics of personal and general interest. They can follow stories and descriptions of some length and in various time frames and genres.

#### Advanced Mid Learners can understand the main

idea and most supporting details in texts on a variety of topics of personal and general interest, as well as some professional topics. They can follow stories and descriptions of considerable length and in various time frames. They can understand texts written in a variety of genres, even when they are unfamiliar with the topic.

Advanced High Learners can easily follow narrative, informational, and descriptive texts. They can understand what they read on most topics that deal with special interests, unfamiliar situations, and abstract concepts. They can sometimes understand extended arguments and different points of view.

- find and use information for practical purposes
- read texts that compare and contrast information
- follow simple written instructions

#### Advanced Mid Learners can

- follow the general idea and some details of what is written in a variety of stories and autobiographical accounts
- understand general information on topics outside their field of interest
- understand messages on a wide variety of past, present, and future events

#### Advanced High Learners can

- understand narrative, descriptive, and informational texts of any length
- read about most topics of special interest
- read most general fiction and non-fiction

**Goal Area 1: Communication:** Learners communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.

**Standard 1.3 Presentational Communication:** Learners present information, concepts, and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers, or viewers.

Novice Range - Standard 1.3 (Speaking)				
Novice Low Learners can present information about themselves and some other very familiar topics using single words or memorized phrases.	Novice Low Learners can  • recite words and phrases that they have learned  • state the names of familiar people, places, and objects in pictures and posters using words or memorized phrases  • introduce themselves to a group.  • recite short memorized phrases, parts of poems, and rhymes			
Novice Mid Learners can present information about themselves and some other very familiar topics using a variety of words, phrases, and memorized expressions.	<ul> <li>Novice Mid Learners can</li> <li>present information about themselves and others using words and phrases</li> <li>express their likes and dislikes using words, phrases, and memorized expressions</li> <li>present information about familiar items in their immediate environment</li> <li>talk about their daily activities using words, phrases, and memorized expressions</li> <li>present simple information about something they learned using words, phrases, and memorized expressions</li> </ul>			
Novice High Learners can present basic information on familiar topics using language they have practiced using phrases and simple sentences.	Novice High Learners can  • present information about their life using phrases and simple sentences  • tell about a familiar experience or event using phrases and simple sentences  • present basic information about a familiar person, place, or thing using phrases and simple sentences			

Intermediate	Range -	Standard	1.3 (S	peaking)

# **Intermediate Low Learners can** present information on most familiar topics using a series of simple sentences.

#### **Intermediate Low Learners can**

- talk about people, activities, events, and experiences
- express their needs and wants
- present information on plans, instructions, and directions
- present songs, short skits, or dramatic readings
- express their preferences on topics of interest

# Intermediate Mid Learners can make presentations on a wide variety of familiar topics using connected sentences.

#### Intermediate Mid Learners can

- make a presentation about their personal and social experiences
- make a presentation on something they have learned or researched
- make a presentation about common interests and issues and state their viewpoint

# Intermediate High Learners can make presentations in a generally organized way on school, work, and community topics, and on topics they have researched. They can make presentations on some events and experiences in various time frames.

#### Intermediate High Learners can

- understand accounts of personal events or experiences
- sometimes follow short, written instructions when supported by visuals
- understand the main idea of and a few supporting facts about famous people and historic events

# Advanced Range - Standard 1.3 (Writing)

Advanced Low Learners can deliver organized presentations appropriate to their audience on a variety of topics. They can present information about events and experiences in various time frames

#### Advanced Low Learners can

- deliver short presentations on a number of academic and workplace topics
- deliver short presentations on social and cultural topics
- explain issues of public and community interest, including different viewpoints
- deliver presentations for a specific audience

Advanced Mid Learners can deliver wellorganized presentations on concrete social, academic, and professional topics.

They can present detailed information about events and experiences in various time frames.

#### Advanced Mid Learners can

- present information about events of public or personal interest
- convey their ideas and elaborate on a variety of academic topics
- give presentations with ease and detail on a wide variety of topics related to professional interests

Advanced High Learners can deliver detailed presentations, usually with accuracy, clarity, and precision, on a variety of topics and issues related to community interests and some special fields of expertise.

#### Advanced High Learners can

- present complex information on many concrete topics and related issues
- present a viewpoint with supporting arguments on a complex issue
- use appropriate presentational conventions and strategies

**Goal Area 1: Communication:** Learners communicate effectively in more than one language in order to function in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes.

**Standard 1.3 Presentational Communication:** Learners present information, concepts, and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers, or viewers.

Novice Range - Standard 1.3 (Writing)			
Novice Low Learners can copy some familiar words, characters, or phrases.	Novice Low Learners can  copy some characters or letters and words that they see on the wall or board, in a book, or on the computer  write words and phrases that they have learned  label familiar people, places, and objects in pictures and posters		
Novice Mid Learners can write lists and memorized phrases on familiar topics.	Novice Mid Learners can  If ill out a simple form with some basic personal information  write about themselves using learned phrases and memorized expressions  list their daily activities and write lists that help them in their day-to-day life  write notes about something they have learned using lists, phrases, and memorized expressions		
Novice High Learners can write short messages and notes on familiar topics related to everyday life.	Novice High Learners can  • write information about their daily life in a letter, blog, discussion board, or email message  • write short notes using phrases and simple sentences  • write about a familiar experience or event using practiced material  • write basic information about things they have learned  • ask for information in writing		

<b>Intermediate Range - Standard 1.3</b> (	(Writing)
	·

**Intermediate Low Learners can** write briefly about most familiar topics and present information using a series of simple sentences.

#### **Intermediate Low Learners can**

- write messages and announcements
- write short reports about something they have learned or researched
- compose communications for public distribution

**Intermediate Mid Learners can** write on a wide variety of familiar topics using connected sentences.

#### **Intermediate Mid Learners can**

- write about school and academic topics.
- write about work and career topics.
- write about community topics and events.
- write about an entertainment or social event.

**Intermediate High Learners can** write on topics related to school, work, and community in a generally organized way. They can write some simple paragraphs about events and experiences in various time frames.

#### a. Intermediate High Learners can

- write about school and academic topics
- write about work and career topics
- write about community topics and events
- write about an entertainment or social event

# **Advanced Range - Standard 1.3 (Writing)**

Advanced Low Learners can deliver organized presentations appropriate to their audience on a variety of topics. They can present information about events and experiences in various time frames

# Advanced Low Learners can

- meet basic school and academic writing needs.
- meet basic work and career writing needs.
- meet basic social and civic writing needs.

Advanced Mid Learners can write on generalinterest, academic, and professional topics. They can write organized paragraphs about events and experiences in various time frames.

#### **Advanced Mid Learners can**

- write well organized texts for a variety of academic purposes.
- write well organized texts for a variety of professional purposes.
- write well organized texts for a variety of general interest purposes.

Advanced High Learners can write extensively with significant precision and detail on a variety of topics, most complex issues, and some special fields of expertise.

#### Advanced High Learners can

- write using target language and culture conventions to present and elaborate a point of view.
- write using target language and culture conventions for informational purposes.
- write using target language and culture conventions for formal purposes.

Goal Area 2: Cultures: Learners interact with cultural competence and understanding.

**Standard 2.1 Relating Cultural Practices To Perspectives:** Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied.

# **Novice Range - Standard 2.1**

#### Novice learners in elementary school can

- use appropriate gestures and oral expressions for greetings, leave takings, and common classroom or social interactions.
- participate in or simulate age-appropriate cultural activities such as games, birthday celebrations, storytelling, and dramatizations.
- create or propose simple cultural triangles connecting practices to associated products and perspectives.
- observe and imitate simple patterns of behavior at school.
- use words and phrases to describe what people from the target culture are doing in photos and short videos and ask simple questions about characteristics of daily life after looking at the photos or short videos.
- list practices observed in a video of a festival or holiday celebrated in the target culture.

- use appropriate gestures and oral expressions for greetings, leave takings, and common classroom or social interactions.
- participate in or simulate age-appropriate cultural activities such as games, birthday celebrations, storytelling, and dramatizations.
- create or propose simple cultural triangles connecting practices to associated products and perspectives.
- imitate appropriate etiquette from the target culture at mealtime.
- list practices observed in a video of a practice from the target culture.
- role play simple interactions in stores and restaurants in the target culture.

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 2.1**

#### Intermediate learners in elementary school can:

- observe, analyze, and exchange information on patterns of behavior typical of their peer group in the culture, such as observing and analyzing how different ways of greeting and leave-taking reflect the relationships between people in the target culture.
- participate in age-appropriate cultural practices such as games (e.g., role of leader, taking turns), sports, and entertainment (e.g., music, dance, drama).
- distinguish informal and formal ways to address classmates and adults.
- role play simple situations from the target culture such as buying a snack using culturally appropriate gestures and language.
- use some culturally appropriate gestures and expressions in their interactions with others.
- create cultural triangles connecting practices to associated products and perspectives, beginning to analyze the relationship among the practices, products, and perspectives.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- observe, analyze, and exchange information on patterns of behavior typical of their peer group in the culture, such as observing and analyzing how different ways of greeting and leave-taking reflect the relationships between people in the target culture.
- participate in age-appropriate cultural practices such as games (e.g., role of leader, taking turns), sports, and entertainment (e.g., music, dance, drama).
- identify and analyze cultural practices from authentic materials such as videos and news articles.
- engage in conversations with native speakers demonstrating an awareness of how to be culturally respectful.
- use formal and informal forms of address appropriately in rehearsed situations.
- role play culturally appropriate interactions with service personnel (e.g., shopkeepers) in the target culture.
- begin to adjust language and message to acknowledge audiences with different cultural backgrounds.
- suggest cultural triangles with reasons connecting practices to associated products and perspectives.

# Advanced Range - Standard 2.1

- use formal and informal forms of address appropriately.
- engage in conversations with native speakers in a culturally respectful way.
- use culturally appropriate behaviors in a variety of situations in the target culture.
- adjust language, behaviors, and messages to acknowledge audiences with different cultural backgrounds.
- connect practices to associated products, giving evidence-based reasons for the perspectives proposed.

Goal Area 2: Cultures: Learners interact with cultural competence and understanding.

**Standard 2.2 Relating Cultural Products To Perspectives:** Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.

# **Novice Range - Standard 2.2**

#### Novice learners in elementary school can:

- identify and observe tangible products of the target culture such as toys, dress, homes, monuments, currency, famous people, and art.
- identify, discuss, and produce types of artwork, crafts, or graphic representations enjoyed or made by their peer group within the target culture such as models of monuments, mosaics, murals, and traditional recipes.
- identify and tell the purpose of products of the target culture.
- listen to or read about expressive products of the target culture such as children's or traditional songs, selections from the literature commonly read, and types of artwork enjoyed or produced by their peer group in the target culture.
- illustrate products associated with the target culture.
- make simple cultural triangles showing the relationship of products, practices, and perspectives.

- identify and observe tangible products of the target culture such as toys, dress, homes, monuments, currency, famous people, and art.
- identify, discuss, and produce types of artwork, crafts, or graphic representations enjoyed or made by their peer group within the target culture such as models of monuments, mosaics, murals, and traditional recipes.
- give simple reasons for the role and importance of products from the target culture.
- listen to and/or read short poems, stories, or plays from the target culture, identifying the author and country of origin.
- make simple cultural triangles connecting products to associated practices and possible perspectives.

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 2.2**

#### Intermediate learners in elementary school can:

- experience (read, listen to, observe, perform) expressive products of the target culture (e.g., stories, poetry, music, paintings, dance, drama) and explain the origin and importance of these products in today's culture.
- search for, identify, and investigate the function of products (e.g., sports equipment, household items, tools, foods, clothing) of the target culture studied compared to their function within the learners' homes and communities.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- experience (read, listen to, observe, perform) expressive products of the target culture (e.g., stories, poetry, music, paintings, dance, drama) and explain the origin and importance of these products in today's culture.
- identify and analyze cultural products found in literature, news stories, and films from the target culture.
- create cultural triangles connecting products to associated practices along with suggested perspectives based on background information.

# Advanced Range - Standard 2.2

- use evidence-based details to explain and analyze the historical, social, economic, and/or political significance of products found in the target culture.
- research in detail the role and importance of products from the target culture.
- identify and analyze the role and importance of cultural products found in literature, news stories, and film.
- describe how some cultural products have changed or disappeared over time.
- create cultural triangles connecting products to associated practices and giving evidence based insights to the cultural perspective.

**Goal Area 3: Connections:** Learners connect with other disciplines and acquire information and diverse perspectives in order to use the language to function in academic and career-related situations.

**Standard 3.1: Making Connections:** Learners build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines while using the language to develop critical thinking and to solve problems creatively.

# **Novice Range - Standard 3.1**

#### Novice learners in elementary school can:

- identify and label items in the target language on charts and visuals used as instructional materials in other content areas, including weather, math facts, measurements, animals, musical instruments, or geographical formations.
- draw and mark maps of their cities, states, and of countries where the target language is used with civic and geographic features studied in other classes.
- use a website about the rainforest that was introduced in a science class to create a product in the target language that highlights plants, animal life, and weather in the area.
- read or listen to stories from the target culture and compare them to familiar stories from the same genre (e.g., folklore, fables, myths, legends).

- use mathematics skills to convert american dollars to the currencies of countries in the target culture in order to understand prices of items such as clothing, tickets, and restaurant meals.
- use mathematics skills to convert weights and measures from the american system to the metric system in order to understand distances, sizes, and quantities of items.
- use science knowledge and skills to record daily temperatures and weather in different locations around the world, giving reasons for temperatures based on location and time of year.
- use knowledge from health and science classes to compare healthy-eating recommendations using food pyramids or the equivalents from countries in the target culture.
- use skills from social studies and english language arts to present short biographical sketches of people from the past and present who have had a positive influence locally and/or globally.

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 3.1**

#### Intermediate learners in elementary school can:

- share information in the target language about topics from other school subjects, including geographical terms and concepts, historical facts and concepts, mathematical terms and problems, and scientific information.
- use their knowledge of history to create timelines of historic events in the countries where the target language is spoken.
- write original poems, stories, and plays using their understanding of the characteristics of these genres gained in english language arts.
- use their knowledge of geography to create maps of countries where the target language is spoken.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- seek out articles or multimedia in the target language on topics being studied in other classes and enter notes on main ideas in a journal.
- make oral or written presentations in the target language on topics being studied in other classes.
- describe and compare key characteristics of countries where the target language is spoken.
- report on and evaluate the effectiveness of efforts to protect the environment in countries where the target language is spoken.
- maintain a blog comparing attitudes and reactions to current events of global importance in countries where the target language is spoken.
- evaluate the role and importance of education for all children in countries where the target language is spoken.
- use technology to present representative examples of contemporary culture (e.g., music, art, architecture) from countries where the target language is spoken.
- research and compare how countries where the target language is spoken deal with environmental issues (such as water shortages).

# **Advanced Range - Standard 3.1**

- write a critical analysis of a movie from a country where the target language is spoken.
- use their knowledge of subjects taught in their schools to tutor English language learners whose first language is the target language.
- use their knowledge of different forms of government to compare how leaders of countries where the target language is spoken are chosen or elected.
- create an innovation/invention to improve the quality of life of people around the world.
- write and produce an original play to highlight a challenge facing people in countries where the target language is spoken.

**Goal Area 3: Connections:** Learners connect with other disciplines and acquire information and diverse perspectives in order to use the language to function in academic and career-related situations.

**Standard 3.2: Acquiring Information and Diverse Perspectives:** Learners access and evaluate information and diverse perspectives that are available through the language and its cultures.

## **Novice Range – Standard 3.2**

#### Novice learners in elementary school can

- use appropriate gestures and oral expressions for greetings, leave takings, and common classroom or social interactions.
- participate in or simulate age-appropriate cultural activities such as games, birthday celebrations, storytelling, and dramatizations.
- create or propose simple cultural triangles connecting practices to associated products and perspectives.
- observe and imitate simple patterns of behavior at school.
- use words and phrases to describe what people from the target culture are doing in photos and short videos and ask simple questions about characteristics of daily life after looking at the photos or short videos.
- list practices observed in a video of a festival or holiday celebrated in the target culture.

- use appropriate gestures and oral expressions for greetings, leave takings, and common classroom or social interactions.
- participate in or simulate age-appropriate cultural activities such as games, birthday celebrations, storytelling, and dramatizations.
- create or propose simple cultural triangles connecting practices to associated products and perspectives.
- imitate appropriate etiquette from the target culture at mealtime.
- list practices observed in a video of a practice from the target culture.
- role play simple interactions in stores and restaurants in the target culture.

#### **Intermediate Range 3.2**

#### Intermediate learners in elementary school can:

• use sources intended for same-age speakers of the target language to prepare presentations on familiar topics.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- access a current event article or broadcast on the web in the target language and chart how it compares with the same event reported in the United States.
- research how a major figure from history, science, or the arts is described in the target language and use it to expand what they already know.
- access survey results about preferences related to daily life (e.g., music, leisure
  activities, movies) of people in countries where the target language is spoken and
  compare the results to preferences of people in their community.
- view publicity for products sold in countries where the target language is spoken and compare the publicity to the way similar products are marketed in the United States.
- compare news articles on front pages of newspapers from countries where the target language is spoken.
- compare listings of houses for sale in countries where the target language is spoken in terms of what features are showcased, cost, size, and location.

#### **Advanced Range 3.2**

- research an issue of global importance in order to provide insights from the perspective of a country or countries where the target language is spoken.
- read a piece of literature in the target language and analyze the universality of the message.
- prepare a virtual exhibit of artwork from a country where the target language is spoken, situating the contents historically, and explaining the importance of the artwork in the country of origin.

**Goal Area 4: Comparisons:** Learners develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to interact with cultural competence.

**Standard 4.1: Language Comparisons:** Learners use the language to investigate, explain and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own.

#### Advanced learners in middle school and high school can:

- research an issue of global importance in order to provide insights from the perspective of a country or countries where the target language is spoken.
- read a piece of literature in the target language and analyze the universality of the message.
- prepare a virtual exhibit of artwork from a country where the target language is spoken, situating the contents historically, and explaining the importance of the artwork in the country of origin.

# **Novice Range - Standard 4.1**

#### Novice learners in elementary school can:

- cite and use examples of words that are similar in the language they are learning and their native language and they pose guesses about why languages in general might need to borrow words.
- identify cognates between the target language and their native language and cite the patterns that connect them, and they detect false cognates when the context in which they see them suggests a misfit.
- inventory idiomatic expressions in both their native language and the language being learned and talk about how idiomatic expressions work in general.
- observe and identify formal and informal forms of language in greetings and leave-takings.
- report differences and similarities between the sound and writing systems of their own language and the language being learned.

- cite and use examples of words that are similar in the language they are learning and their native language and they pose guesses about why languages in general might need to borrow words
- identify cognates between the target language and their native language and cite the patterns that connect them, and they detect false cognates when the context in which they see them suggests a misfit.
- inventory idiomatic expressions in both their native language and the language being learned and talk about how idiomatic expressions work in general.
- compare word order in items such as the date and placement of descriptors.
- observe formal and informal forms of language in greetings and leave-takings and try out expressions of politeness in other languages and their own.
- report differences and similarities between the sound and writing systems of their own language and the language being learned.

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 4.1**

#### Intermediate learners in elementary school can:

- match groups of people with ways of expressing respect and communicating status differences in their own language and the language they are learning.
- identify words in the target language that have no translation in English and vice versa.
- compare word order in the target language to English.
- notice how different time frames are expressed in the target language.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- hypothesize about the similarities of languages based on their awareness of cognates and similar idioms.
- match groups of people with ways of expressing respect and communicating status differences in their own language and the language they are learning.
- compare how different time frames are expressed in the target language and their native language and describe the shades of meaning expressed by such differences.

### Advanced Range - Standard 4.1

- compare the choice and use of prepositions among languages.
- recognize that cognates have the same as well as different meanings among languages and speculate about the evolution of language.
- keep a journal of phrases and idioms that do not translate directly from one language to another.
- analyze elements of the target language, such as time and tense and comparable linguistic elements in English, and conjecture about how languages use forms to express time and tense relationships.
- report on the relationship between word order and meaning and hypothesize on how this may or may not reflect the ways in which cultures organize information and view the world.
- compare the writing system of the target language and their own. They also examine other writing systems and report about the nature of those writing systems (e.g., logographic, syllabic, alphabetic).

**Goal Area 4: Comparisons:** Learners use the language to investigate, explain and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own.

**Standard 4.2: Cultural Comparisons:** Learners use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.

# **Novice Range - Standard 4.2**

#### Novice learners in elementary school can:

- appropriately use gestures used to greet friends, family, or new acquaintances.
- compare and contrast tangible products (e.g., toys, sports, equipment, food) of the target culture and their own.
- compare simple patterns of behavior or interaction in various cultural settings (e.g., transportation to school, eating habits).
- compare and contrast intangible products (e.g., rhymes, songs, folktales) of the target cultures and their own.

- compare games, stories, songs, and rhymes from their childhood to those in the target culture.
- compare daily routines in their culture and the target culture.
- compare celebrations (e.g., birthdays, holidays) in the target cultures to their own.
- compare meal time in their culture and the target culture.
- compare places in a city where the target language is spoken to places in the city where they live.

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 4.2**

#### **Intermediate learners in elementary school can:**

- fill in a graphic organizer that compares sample daily activities in the target culture and their own.
- speculate on why certain products originate in and/or are important to particular cultures by analyzing selected products from the target culture and their own.
- hypothesize about the relationship between cultural perspectives and practices (e.g., holidays, celebrations, work habits, play) by analyzing selected practices from the target culture and their own.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- hypothesize about the relationship between cultural perspectives and expressive products (e.g., music, visual arts, forms of literature) by analyzing selected products from the target culture and their own.
- compare and contrast the role and importance of family in the target culture to their own.
- compare and contrast school schedules, course offerings, and attitudes toward school in the target culture to their own.
- compare and contrast the role of social networking in the target culture to their own.
- compare and contrast career choices and preparation in the target culture to their own.
- compare and contrast entertainment and leisure options in the target culture and their own.

# **Advanced Range - Standard 4.2**

- compare and contrast the value placed on work and leisure time in the target culture and their own.
- compare and contrast behaviors related to health and wellness in the target culture and their
- compare and contrast attitudes toward youth and aging in the target culture and their own.
- compare and contrast the importance placed on individual needs versus community/global needs in the target culture and their own.

**Goal Area 5: Communities:** Learners communicate and interact with cultural competence in order to participate in multilingual communities at home and around the world.

**Standard 5.1: School and Global Communities:** Learners use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world.

# **Novice Range - Standard 5.1**

#### **Novice learners in elementary school can:**

- identify places that another language is used and attempt to interact with the language in some way (e.g., finding products in the language at a grocery store, attempting to speak to a community member in a library or restaurant).
- access relationships with speakers of the language either in person or via texting, email, social media forums, or voice chats.
- identify professions that require proficiency in another language.
- conduct online research and report on a cultural event or a school topic.
- write and illustrate short stories to present to others.
- perform for school, campus, or community celebrations.

- communicate on a personal level with speakers of the language in person or via email, video chats, instant messaging, and shared video clips.
- identify professions which require proficiency in another language.
- create imaginary situations to role play interactions that might take place in a community setting
- do WebQuests and report on a cultural event or a school topic.
- write and illustrate short stories to present to others.
- perform for school, campus, or community celebrations.

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 5.1**

#### Intermediate learners in elementary school can:

- interact with members of the local community or with contacts made electronically to hear how they use the language in their various fields of work.
- participate in language club activities that benefit the school or community.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- discuss their preferences in leisure activities and current events, in written form or orally, with peers.
- discuss steps to becoming a professional in a field requiring the ability to communicate in the target language.
- present information gained from a native speaker about a cultural event or a topic of interest.
- use their knowledge of the target language to tutor english language learners who speak the target language.
- discuss their preferences concerning leisure activities and current events, in written form or orally, with peers who speak the language.
- interact with members of the local community or with contacts made electronically to hear how they use the language in their various fields of work.
- participate in language club activities which benefit the school or community.
- write and illustrate stories to present to others.
- perform for a school, campus, or community celebration.

# **Advanced Range - Standard 5.1**

- communicate orally or in writing with members of the target culture regarding topics of personal interest, community issues, or world concern.
- participate in a career exploration or school-to-work project which requires proficiency in the target language and culture.
- use community resources to research a topic related to culture and/or language study.
- design and organize a multimedia presentation about the target language and culture to present to others.
- participate in language club activities which benefit the school or community.
- write and illustrate stories to present to others.
- read, add information, and monitor edits on wikis in the target language.
- provide service to the community by interpreting the target language at school, clinics, or daycare centers.

**Goal Area 5: Communities:** Learners communicate and interact with cultural competence in order to participate in multilingual communities at home and around the world.

**Standard 5.2: Lifelong Learning:** Learners set goals and reflect on their progress in using language for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement.

# **Novice Range - Standard 5.2**

#### **Novice learners in elementary school can:**

- interpret material and/or use media from the target language and culture for enjoyment.
- play sports or games from the target culture.
- exchange information about topics of personal interest.
- plan real or imaginary travel.
- attend or use media to view cultural events and social activities.
- listen to music, sing songs, or play musical instruments from the target culture.
- create can-do statements with the help of their teachers of what they want to communicate in the target language for each unit of instruction.
- collect evidence showing that they have achieved the can-do statements for each unit.

- use the NCSSFL-ACTFL Can-Do Global Benchmarks to set SMART goals (specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and timebound) to monitor and reflect on their progress in communication skills.
- collect evidence showing that they have achieved the SMART goals they have set for each unit of instruction.
- interpret materials and/or use media from the target language and culture for enjoyment.
- play sports or games from the target culture.
- exchange information about topics of personal interest.
- plan real or imaginary travel.
- attend or view via media cultural events and social activities.
- listen to music, sing songs, or play musical instruments from the target culture.
- explore the internet to find sites of personal interest where they can use the target language to maintain and increase their communication skills.

# **Intermediate Range - Standard 5.2**

#### Intermediate learners in elementary school can:

- create can-do statements with the help of their teachers of what they want to communicate in the target language for each unit of instruction.
- collect evidence showing that they have achieved the can-do statements for each unit.
- consult various sources in the target language to obtain information on topics of personal interest.
- play sports or games from the target culture.
- exchange information about topics of personal interest.
- use various media from the target language and culture for entertainment.
- attend or use media to view cultural events and social activities.
- listen to music, sing songs, or play musical instruments from the target culture.

#### Intermediate learners in middle school and high school can:

- use the NCSSFL-ACTFL Can-Do Global Benchmarks to set SMART goals (specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and timebound) to monitor and reflect on their progress in communication skills.
- collect evidence showing that they have achieved the SMART goals they have set for each unit of instruction.
- consult various sources in the target language to obtain information on topics of personal interest.
- play sports or games from the target culture.
- exchange information around topics of personal interest.
- use various media from the target language and culture for entertainment.
- attend or use media to view cultural events and social activities.
- listen to music, sing songs, or play musical instruments from the target culture.
- explore the internet to find sites of personal interest where they can use the target language to maintain and increase their communication skills.

# **Advanced Range - Standard 5.2**

- use the NCSSFL-ACTFL Can-Do Global Benchmarks to set SMART goals (specific, measurable, attainable, relevant, and timebound) to monitor and reflect on their progress in communication skills.
- collect evidence showing that they have achieved the SMART goals they have set for each unit of instruction.
- consult various sources in the target language to obtain information on topics of personal interest.
- consult various sources in the target language to obtain information on topics of personal interest
- play sports or games from the target culture.
- read and/or use various media from the target language and culture for entertainment or personal growth.
- establish and/or maintain interpersonal relations with speakers of the target language.
- attend or use media to view cultural events and social activities.
- listen to music, sing songs, or play musical instruments from the target culture.
- explore the internet to find sites of personal interest where they can use the target language to maintain and increase their communication skills.